# AMDE18 ENVIRONMENTAL SCIENCE AND ENGINEERING

# **UNIT-1 ENVIRONMENT, ECOSYSTEMS AND BIODIVERSITY**

- 1.1 Definition, scope and importance of Risk and hazards; Chemical hazards, Physical hazards, Biological hazards in the environment- concept of an ecosystem-
- 1.2 Structure and function of an ecosystem- producers, consumers and decomposers-Oxygen cycle and Nitrogen cycle- energy flow in the ecosystem- ecological succession
- 1.3 Processes- Introduction, types, characteristic features, structure and function of the (a) forest ecosystem (b) grassland ecosystem (c) desert ecosystem (d) aquatic ecosystems (ponds, streams, lakes, rivers, oceans, estuaries)-
- 1.4 Introduction to biodiversity definition: genetic, species and ecosystem diversitybiogeographical classification of India- value of biodiversity: consumptive use, productive use, social, ethical, aesthetic and option values-
- 1.5 Biodiversity at global, national and local levels- India as a mega-diversity nation- hot-spots of biodiversity- threats to biodiversity: habitat loss, poaching of wildlife, man-wildlife conflicts- endangered and endemic species of India-
- 1.6 Conservation of biodiversity: In-situ and ex-situ conservation of biodiversity. Field study of common plants, insects, birds, Field study of simple ecosystems- pond, river, and hill slopes, etc.

## **UNIT-2 ENVIRONMENTAL POLLUTION**

- 2.1 Definition- causes, effects and control measures of: (a) Air pollution (Atmospheric chemistry-Chemical composition of the atmosphere; Chemical and photochemical reactions in the atmosphere formation of smog, PAN, acid rain, oxygen and ozone chemistry; Mitigation procedures- Control of particulate and gaseous emission, Control of SO2, NOX, CO and HC)
- 2.2 (b) Water pollution: Physical and chemical properties of terrestrial and marine water and their environmental significance; Water quality parameters- physical, chemical and biological; absorption of heavy metals- Water treatment processes.
- 2.3 (c) Soil pollution soil waste management: causes, effects and control measures of municipal solid wastes
- 2.4 (d) Marine pollution (e) Noise pollution (f) Thermal pollution (g) Nuclear hazards- role of an individual in prevention of pollution- pollution case studies- Field study of local polluted site- Urban / Rural / Industrial / Agricultural.

# **UNIT-3 NATURAL RESOURCES**

- 3.1 Forest resources: Use and over-exploitation, deforestation, case studies- timber extraction, mining, dams and their effects on forests and tribal people-
- 3.2 Water resources: Use and overutilization of surface and ground water, dams-benefits and problems- Mineral resources: Use and exploitation, environmental effects of extracting and using mineral resources, case studies-

- 3.3 Food resources: World food problems, changes caused by agriculture and overgrazing, effects of modern agriculture, fertilizer-pesticide problems, water logging, salinity, case studies-
- 3.4 Energy resources: Growing energy needs, renewable and non-renewable energy sources, use of alternate energy sources.
- 3.5 Energy Conversion processes- Biogas- production and uses, anaerobic digestion;
- 3.6 Case studies- Land resources: Land as a resource, land degradation, man induced landslides, soil erosion and desertification- role of an individual in conservation of natural resources-
- 3.7 Equitable use of resources for sustainable lifestyles. Introduction to Environmental
- 3.8 Biochemistry: Proteins- Biochemical degradation of pollutants, Bioconversion of pollutants.
- 3.9 Field study of local area to document environmental assets- river / forest / grassland / hill / mountain.

## **UNIT-4 SOCIAL ISSUES AND THE ENVIRONMENT**

- 4.1 From unsustainable to sustainable development- urban problems related to energy- water conservation, rain water harvesting, watershed management-
- 4.2 Resettlement and rehabilitation of people; its problems and concerns, case studies- role of non-governmental organization- environmental ethics:
- 4.3 Issues and possible solutions- 12 Principles of green chemistry- nuclear accidents and holocaust, case studies.- wasteland reclamation- consumerism and waste products-environment production act- Air act- Water act- Wildlife protection act- Forest conservation act-
- 4.4 The Biomedical Waste (Management and Handling) Rules; 1998 and amendments- scheme of labeling of environmentally friendly products (Eco mark).
- 4.5 Enforcement machinery involved in environmental legislation- central and state pollution control boards- disaster management: floods, earthquake, cyclone and landslides.

## **UNIT-5 HUMAN POPULATION AND THE ENVIRONMENT**

- 5.1 Population growth, variation among nations- population explosion- family welfare programme-environment and human health- human rights- value education
- 5.2 HIV / AIDS- women and child welfare- Environmental impact analysis (EIA)
- 5.3 GIS- remote sensing-role of information technology in environment and human health

#### **References Book:**

1. R.K. Trivedi, 'Handbook of Environmental Laws, Rules, Guidelines, Compliances and Standards', Vol. I and II, Enviro Media.