

FTEAM02 CHEMISTRY

UNIT-1 MOLECULAR THEORY OF HETERODIATOMIC MOLECULES

- 1.1 Band theory of bonding in metals, Hydrogen bonding.
- 1.2 Solid state chemistry: Radius ratio rule, Space lattice (only cubes), Type of unit cell, Bragg's Law, Calculation of density of unit cell.
- 1.3 One and Two Dimensional solids, Graphite as two dimensional solid and its conducting properties. Fullerene and its applications.

UNIT-2 BASIC PRINCIPLES OF SPECTROSCOPIC METHODS.

- 2.1 The use of UV, Visible, IR, ¹HNMR, for the determination of structure of simple organic compounds. Characteristics and classification of polymers.
- 2.2 Structures of the polymers: Natural and synthetic rubbers, Polyamides and polyester fibers, Polymethylmethacrylate, Polyacrylonitrile and Polystyrene.
- 2.3 A brief account of conducting polymers (polypyrrole and polythiophene) and their applications.

UNIT-3 STABILITY OF REACTION INTERMEDIATES

- 3.1 E.g. Carbanions, Carbocations and free radicals. Types of organic reactions, and mechanism of nucleophilic substitution reactions. Mechanism of following reactions.
- 3.2 1. Aldol condensation (ii) Cannizzaro reaction (iii) Beckmann rearrangement (iv) Hofmann rearrangement and (v) Diels-Alder reaction.
- 3.3 2. E-Z Nomenclature. Optical isomerism of organic compounds containing one chiral center. Examples of Optically active compounds without chirality. Conformations of n-butane.

UNIT-4 ORDER AND MOLECULARITY OF REACTIONS.

- 4.1 First and second order reactions. Energy of activation.
- 4.2 Phase Rule, its application to one component system (water).
- 4.3 Equilibrium potential, electrochemical cells (galvanic and concentration cells),
- 4.4 Electrochemical theory of corrosion and protection of corrosion.

UNIT-5 CLASSIFICATION OF FUELS, COAL, BIOMASS AND BIOGAS.

- 5.1 Determination of gross and net calorific values using Bomb Calorimeter.
- 5.2 First law of thermodynamics and its mathematical statement, heat, energy and work; Heat content or Enthalpy of a system;
- 5.3 Thermochemistry: Hess's law of constant heat summation, Heat of reaction, Heat of combustion, Heat of neutralization, Heat of formation, Heat of fusion, Heat of vaporization,
- 5.4 Heat of sublimation, Heat of solution and Heat of dilution (only definition and explanation).
- 5.5 Hardness of water, softening of water by Lime-Soda process, Zeolites and ionexchange resins process and Reverse Osmosis. Treatment of boiler feed water by Calgon process.

Reference books:

1. Engineering Chemistry by Jain and Iain. 2. Engineering Chemistry by R. K. Agrawal